

## HERRIN ON THE STAND.

### Sensational Testimony Concerning Bulla's Campaign---The Gunst Story Is Given to Investigating Committee.

(Special to the Tribune.)

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 23.—The committee met this afternoon shortly before 3 o'clock.

It was found that but two members were present, Cosper and Burnett.

A long wait ensued before Sanford and La Bree appeared, making a quorum.

E. T. Preston appeared before the committee and stated that he was present to answer to a subpoena.

He was told to wait.

Assemblyman Crowder was the first witness to be called to the stand.

Crowder testified that Assemblyman Dale had told him that he had been approached by the Southern Pacific attorney and offered money to vote for R. N. Bulla for the United States Senate.

Dale had not impressed the witness with the idea that the charge was a "josh," but straight business.

PRESTON TESTIFIES.

Colonel Preston was called to the stand. Witness stated that about the first of the year Mose Gunst had told him that the attacks being made on him by the Call must be stopped.

The conversation led up to the Senatorial fight, when Gunst stated to the

witness that Burns had spent \$10,000 of his own money in the fight for United States Senator.

The statement had no bearing on the fight on the general ticket.

The witness stated that he knew of no instance where offers of money or patronage had been offered to influence members to vote for any given candidate for United States Senator.

GUNST ON THE STAND.

Gunst was called to the stand. He stated that he remembered the conversation with Preston of which Preston had testified.

Gunst stated that Preston had said that he admired Burns as a man, that he, Preston, had been stumping the State for the party; it had fooled him, and he was going to stop campaigning.

The people, Preston had stated, wanted a lawyer and orator in Congress.

Gunst had said: "To show you the kind of a man Burns is, I will say that Burns had put his hand in his pocket and gave \$12,000 or \$15,000 to carry on the campaign."

Nothing had been said about the Senatorial fight, but the campaign at large was discussed. Preston had told that the money was paid to the State

Committee.

The sum of \$10,000 was not mentioned. They did not know of any instance where Burns had spent money in the campaign.

The witness knew of no instance where Burns had used money or promised patronage to secure votes or influence members in the matter of the fight for the United States Senatorship.

HERRIN ON THE STAND.

William F. Herrin was the next witness called.

Witness knew Howard E. Wright. Wright had never applied to witness nor as far as he knew to any of witness' clients for financial assistance in the political fight of last year, nor had he received any.

Wright had not applied for any sum whatever to witness and had not received any for any purpose.

NO PASSES.

Witness had issued no passes over the Southern Pacific line to any one on account of the political fight, nor at the instigation of Burns.

Witness did not believe that the company had.

BURNS PAID FOR THEM.

As to the tickets issued to the friends of Assemblyman Merrill at the request of Burns, Mr. Burns had paid for them.

## SCANDAL IS THE TALK OF HOUR.

### Herrin Ready to Meet the Issue.

(Special to the Tribune.)

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 23.—The general acknowledgment that everything is bloated was shown by the prompt adjournment this morning immediately after the joint ballot was taken.

Before roll call was commenced word was passed along the line that there would be no changes, so, as none of the members wanted to waste time, a motion to adjourn met with but little opposition.

It is now certain that there will be no changes until the investigation is over.

The investigation is the talk of the hour, and it is believed that Herrin will be put on the stand as soon as the committee meets at 2:30 this afternoon. De Young had not yet put in an appearance in response to his subpoena.

Herrin was up town this morning, and says he has no intention of evading the action of the committee in any way.

Speculation is rife as to what sort of treatment Herrin will receive on the stand.

Some think the committee will treat him with kid gloves, while others are of the opinion that the Democratic members will seize the opportunity to make party capital by quizzing him unmercifully.

The town is full of Alameda county officials who are on hand in response to a summons by the delegation to appear this evening.

The Oakland Board of Trade and the Merchants' Exchange today sent to each member of the Alameda county delegation a request to stand up for the passage of a bill prohibiting trading stamps.

HATTON.

## DAN COLE PLANTED COIN FOR GRANT.

### Clough Was Offered Money If He Would Vote for Grant. Assemblyman Jillson Was Paid Cash to Make His Campaign.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 23.—The first witness to be heard this morning before the investigating committee was Dan Cole.

Cole admitted that he had written a letter to Assemblyman Clough before election offering him money with which to make his campaign, if Clough were a friend to Grant.

The further fact was brought out that Cole had given Assemblyman Jillson \$400 with which to make his campaign.

The witness swore that he could not say whether it was Grant's money or not, but admitted having gotten it from Milton J. Green, Grant's political manager.

Cole admitted having ascertained that Jillson was friendly to Grant before advancing the money.

BELSHAW'S STORY.

Cole was excused and Assemblyman Belshaw took the stand.

He stated that Assemblyman R. C. Dale and he had discussed the Senatorial situation in the lobby of the Golden Eagle Hotel.

Dale had blamed Belshaw for having gotten him in a position that he would have to testify before the committee.

Dale insisted that there was nothing in the rumor that Bulla was paying \$3,000 for votes, and thought that the offer had been made him as a "josh."

"Well, I told him," said Belshaw, "you are to blame for circulating the rumor, and I wanted to know if it were true, for if Mr. Bulla were offering \$3,000 for votes I would not vote for him."

Belshaw stated that the idea he got

from the conversation with Dale was that the offer of \$3,000 made by Cope land had been to break up Grant's forces and his vote was to go to any of the candidates before the Assembly, not necessarily to Bulla.

DALE AND GREEN ILL.

Assemblyman Dale sent word to the committee that he was not able to attend the meeting, as he is very ill.

The reply was sent back that the sick man must get a doctor's certificate to that effect.

If this be done, three of the committee will probably be detailed to take testimony in Dale's room.

Dale and Green, important witnesses before the committee, are each in a state of collapse.

There being no more witnesses in the room, adjournment was taken until 2:30 this afternoon.

## WANT THE FIRST CALIFORNIA RETURNED FROM MANILA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, January 23.—The Senate held a short session after the joint ballot had been taken. The following bills were introduced:

By Bulla—To add a new section to the Penal Code.

By Hall—For the protection and propagation of shrimps.

By Langford—To provide for the operation of railroads in certain cases.

By Langford—To repeal the act to create the Department of State Highways.

By Langford—To provide for a State Board of Public Works.

By Wolfe—Relative to the filing of affidavits, motions, bills of costs, etc.

By Dwyer—To create a Board of State Highways, and to prescribe its duties and powers.

By Sims—To amend the Political Code relative to elections.

A joint resolution was introduced by Senator Wolfe, calling upon the State's representatives in Congress to secure the return of the First California Regiment from Manila.

A communication was received from the San Francisco Board of Supervisors calling attention to the fact that there is contemplated an Exposition to be held in this State in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of the State into the Union. The request was made to appropriate \$350,000 for the promotion of the enterprise; to empower the several counties in the State to make appropriations, and grant San Francisco the power and authority to raise \$750,000 for the purpose by taxation.

The Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

## NO CHANGES.

CAPITOL, Sacramento, Jan. 23.—The first ballot to-day (twenty-eighth) resulted as follows:

BURNS ..... 24

GRANT ..... 26

BULLA ..... 13

BARNES ..... 10

ESTEE ..... 1

FELTON ..... 1

SCOTT ..... 2

BARD ..... 2

WHITE ..... 30

DE VRIES ..... 1

ROSENFELD ..... 2

Eight absentees. No Republican changes. Convention adjourned.

## NO CHANGES MADE IN THE JOINT CONVENTION

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 23.—The joint convention of Senators and Assemblymen was in session just twenty minutes to-day.

But one ballot was taken, which resulted the same as the ballot taken on Saturday, each side remaining firm.

There were slight changes in the total number of votes cast for each candidate, owing to the difference in attendance over that of Saturday, but no "tops."

The vote was as follows:

BURNS ..... 24

## WELL AS BADGER.

Fayne Moore Charged With Stealing Silverware From a Hotel.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Judge Bookstaver in the Supreme Court today increased the bail of Fayne Strahan Moore from \$4,000 to \$6,000 on the charge of "badgering" Martin Mahon, and also fixed an additional bond of \$1,500 for the latter's charges, which accuse Mrs. Moore of stealing silverware from the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. Bonds were offered by Joseph N. Campbell, and Judge Bookstaver ordered counsel for Mrs. Moore and the District Attorney to insist as to the responsibility of Mr. Campbell.

(Fayne Moore was once engaged to marry the Rev. Edwards Davis of this city.)

## RUSHING TROOPS TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OMAHA, Neb., January 23.—Rush orders were received today at the headquarters of the Department of the Missouri for forwarding the Twenty-second Infantry to San Francisco. The railroads will have the equipment down at Port Crook this evening, and the loading will be commenced at once. The loading of the baggage was commenced yesterday, but it was not expected at that time that the men would move so quickly.

The regiment has orders to reach San Francisco on the 26th, to sail on the Senator or Ohio, but it is not thought possible they can reach there by that time, though every effort possible is being made. They leave here four companies each on the Burlington, the Rock Island and the Missouri Pacific.

Prominent Publisher's Suicide.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 23.—Clark W. Bryan, aged 74 years, formerly part owner of the Republican and Inter-Occident of this Union, shot and killed himself today. He founded Good Housekeeping and the Paper World. A few months ago he met with severe reverses.

## UNRAVELING THE POISONING CASE.

### Person Who Sent the Powders May Be Identified.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The final report of William K. Kingsley, the handwriting expert in the Adams-Barnet-Cornish poisoning case, has been made to the police.

The report shows positively that the person who wrote the request for a sample bottle of ketchup powders also wrote the address on the package of ketchup powder sent to Harry Cornish as a bromesolizer.

Captain McCluskey and his staff of detectives are now trying to have this person identified. The individual who is expected to make the identification is the proprietor of the cigar store where a private letter box was rented for the purpose, mainly, of having the ketchup powder sent there. Henry C. Barnet was poisoned with a drug mixed with ketchup powder. The handwriting on the address to Cornish appears to be an excellent imitation of that of one of the persons suspected by the police, but it also shows characteristics not observable in numerous examples of his handwriting.

## ANTI-POLYGAMY HOUSE MEASURE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Representative Clarke of Iowa today introduced a bill providing that "no person living in or practicing polygamy shall be eligible to be a member of either House of Congress, nor shall such person be permitted to hold a seat therein." It is further provided that the evidence of polygamy shall be of whatever nature that establishes the fact. Another provision makes the act take immediate effect.

## Will Foreclose on Shorb Ranch.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 23.—The Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of this city filed a suit today against Maria Jesus de Shorb, widow of J. De Barth Shorb, to foreclose a mortgage of \$20,000 on the famous old Rancho Canyon de Santa Ana. The ranch is one of the show places of Southern California, many acres in extent and situated in the San Gabriel valley, near the old San Gabriel Mission.

Esterhazy on the Stand.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The Court of Cassation today examined Major Count Esterhazy, who entered the Palace of Justice without being noticed.

## COOK STABS A YARD FOREMAN.

### Affray Near Stockton That Will Result Fatally.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

STOCKTON, Jan. 23.—John Tucker, yard foreman at Cy Moring's grading camp on the Moss tract, a couple of miles south of Stockton, got into a row yesterday afternoon between 12 and 1 o'clock with John Trot, the cook at the camp, with the result that Tucker is at the county hospital, a dangerous knife thrust in his side, eight inches long, and Trot is in jail awaiting the result.

The chances are that Tucker will die, in which case Trot will be charged with murder.

Trot was getting over a spree, and while preparing dinner Tucker angered him by bantering him about his capacity for liquor. Trot finally made a slash at Tucker with a carving knife, cutting the latter in the elbow slightly. Tucker then jumped the cook and choked him two or three times, desisting each time at the request of men in the room, who thought Trot was not in earnest. After the third time Trot regained possession of the knife, and stabbed Tucker in the side and in the back of the head while Tucker's back was turned. Tucker then ran out of the cook house, in which the row started, followed by Trot with the knife. Moring's overseer and a hunter with a shotgun stopped Trot, who later gave himself up.

## WALKER'S OWNERS SUED FOR DAMAGES.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

STOCKTON, January 23.—Suit for \$50,000 damages was brought against the California Navigation and Improvement Company today by Johanna Daly, widow of Jeremiah Daly. The latter was a fireman aboard the steamboat T. C. Walker, belonging to the defendant company, when the steam drum exploded on November 27 last. He was fatally burned.

## OREGON GIRL'S TERRIBLE FATE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 23.—A young girl who says her true name is Lula Patterson and that she is a daughter of United States Marshal M. V. Patterson of Klamath Falls, Or., attempted suicide here today by taking laudanum. The stomach pump at the Receiving Hospital saved her life. After the danger was over the girl said that her mother compelled her and her younger sister to lead a life of shame.

## AGUINALDO'S AWFUL THREAT.

### His Envoy May Take His Dolls and Go Home.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Philippine Junta here has received dispatches saying that if Agoncillo, one of Aguinaldo's envoys at Washington, is not received by the United States Government within a few days, Aguinaldo will recall him to Manila and suspend relations with the United States, thus removing an important medium for arriving at a peaceful understanding.

The Junta's advice also asserts that large numbers of American troops are fraternizing with the natives, and that many of them are engaged to Filipino girls.

## IMPORTANT SUPREME COURT DECISION.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—In the United States Supreme Court today Justice McKenna handed down an opinion in the case of Northern Pacific Railway Company vs. the Treasurer of Jefferson county, Montana. The case involves the right of the State authorities to tax railroad lands within the Northern Pacific grant which are unpatented because their character with reference to minerals has not been determined. The railroad company contended that such right had not existed, but the decision of the Circuit Court was against the company, and the Supreme Court upheld this opinion. Justice Brewer, Shiras, White and Peckham dissented.

## San Jose's Safe Still Locked.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 23.—San Jose's cash box is still unopened. The safe drillers who have been at work have not succeeded in opening it, although they drilled one hole through the door. They now say that the specifications of the safe furnished them were not correct, and they missed the lock. As a result of this they are boring a hole through the end. It is not believed the safe can be opened before tomorrow at best.

It is expected that Mayor Martin will nominate another man for Treasurer this afternoon, and that this will be confirmed.

## Must Pay for the Great Register.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 23.—In the case wherein it was attempted to compel the County Treasurer to refuse to pay the claim of Priddy & Faulkner for printing the Great Register because the registers were delivered a few hours late, Judge Shaw in the Superior Court this morning granted a peremptory writ on County Treasurer Jones, compelling him to pay the amount, but ordered a five days' stay of execution.

## MRS. BOTKIN'S NEW TACTICS.

### Her Lawyers Now Argue This State Lacks Jurisdiction.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The attorneys for Mrs. Corbellia Botkin, convicted of the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning of Dover, Del., and recommended for life imprisonment, appeared before Judge Cook today and asked for a continuance, on the ground that Mrs. Botkin had been convicted of a crime in a State which lacked jurisdiction in the matter.

It will be remembered that when the extradition proceedings were in progress, with the possibility of Mrs. Botkin being sent to Delaware for trial, her attorneys fought strenuously for the trial being held here, arguing, with success, that the State of Delaware lacked jurisdiction.

## Charge Against an Operator.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 23.—L. D. Minkler, the former telegraph operator of San Francisco, who is accused of sending a bogus telegram from San Francisco to Palo Alto, by which a confederate secured \$844 from a bank there, will be arraigned Wednesday. The telegram purported to come from a Los Angeles bank, and was an order to pay the money and waived identification.

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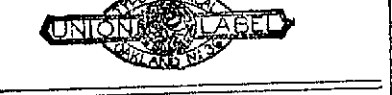
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Orpheum—"Papina and Others."  
Tivoli—"The Wedding Day."



**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
Any subscriber not receiving the Tribune regularly, will please send a notice to this office and the complaint will be attended to at once.

MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1899.  
We wish the Call would be more careful in the particularization of locations. Here is a remark it gave vent to yesterday: "The fight will be continued until each political criminal is where he ought to be—across the bay."

It looks as if the combination to the Senatorial deadlock has been lost. The candidate with "the key to the situation" is still on deck, but he does not seem to be any more able to get at the toga than he was a couple of weeks ago.

The real estate dealers report that there are fewer vacant houses in Oakland at present than at any time within five years and that one hundred new homes are in course of construction. There can be no questioning that indication of prosperity.

Sharkey has suddenly become of a very modest and retiring disposition since Fitzsimmons mowed down the gauntlet to him. Like most of these "world-beaters" the sailor shows an aptitude for doing most of his fighting with "the jawbone of an ass."

Senator Braunhart wants an income tax imposed. Just watch how small some people will sing if the measure goes on the statute books. The amount of perjury that is caused each year by the personal property tax is pretty bad, but if an income tax were imposed the lying would be something awful to contemplate.

More decisions adverse to the nickel-in-the-slot machines continue to pour in, San Francisco being the latest to go on record in this regard, but the game goes merrily on just as if nothing had happened to disturb the even tenor of its way. It seems to defy the law in just about the same manner that it does the individual who plays against it—there is no way of beating it.

Col. Berry of the Seventh regiment has at last decided to make a settlement regarding the Red Cross trust fund that was placed in his hands. As, however, he has yielded up but \$210 of the \$1,000 he received, the Colonel should be compelled to make an itemized accounting of what he has done there are too many chances to be taken on the regular lottery proposition for any but the weak-minded to participate in it, and when to this is added about a thousand per cent more in the shape of bogus tickets it is palpable how near insane the man must be who thinks that he can beat the game.

**VICTORIES OF PEACE.**  
President McKinley's special message on the results of the Arctic relief expedition is worthy of all the preceding State papers from his pen. It is especially suggestive of his early admonition to the country that by the paths of peace we are to reach a solution of the problem of humanity imposed on us by the victories of the war. It breathes the lofty spirit with which our President summoned the nation to a war for the amelioration of the condition of an oppressed people.

It breathes, too, and interprets the popular sentiment of pride in the character and exploits of the American navy which will always abide in the hearts of the American people. The President describes the hardships and perils encountered by the members of the overland expedition for the rescue of the imprisoned Arctic whalers, aptly terming it "a glorious page in the history of American seamanship." Referring to his former commendation of the deeds of soldier and sailor heroes in the recent war, the President says to Congress: "It is no less my pleasure to invite your attention to the victory of peace."

The spirit which prompted this message and inspired its every word is characteristic alike of the American people and of the American President. It is the spirit of the American people, the spirit of the American President, the spirit of the American people, the spirit of the American President.

**DEATH IN THE WIRES.**  
There is something more than an occasion for a passing exclamation or remark in the event of last week where a horse was instantly killed by being driven into a pending telephone wire supposed to have fallen across a trolley current. There were features of the event which constitute it a timely warning to every citizen of Oakland.

It occurred on one of the most central and prominent streets of the city. Hundreds, if not thousands, every day pass the corner of Twelfth and Webster streets, where this accident occurred, on ordinary business, to one of the theaters, and to and from the terminus of one of this city's lines of communication with San Francisco. So dense was the fog at the time that the driver could not see the wire and had no warning of its presence until his horse fell in the death agony. Had this wire hung a little higher it would have cleared the horse and slain the driver. That means that it hung low enough to fatally entangle any rider on a bicycle, as well as to reach any person crossing the street at that point.

All of these considerations should serve to warn all persons to keep an eternal look-out for the death by electrocution that threatens them at every step. It teaches that no unknown wire, not even that of the ordinarily innocuous telephone, is safe to touch. That the event should admonish the corporations that use these high currents of the electric force, and the owners of all wires crossing them, to keep incessant guard over the condition of their line, ought to go without iteration.

Perhaps, also, the case has a lesson to convey to the officials whose duty it is to secure the safety of our public highways.

**TERRORS OF THE BAY.**  
Once again has the beautiful bay that unites while it divides these three cities fused them in the contemplation of a common tragedy.

Two young men of Berkeley, related by business and social ties to Oakland and San Francisco, Frank E. Orr and James Otis Wendell, yesterday morning gave up their lives on the threshold of an errand of friendship and mercy, a searching expedition after two other Berkeley youths, who on a humbering voyage may have shared a like fate.

Whether or not young William E. Scabary and Edward John or "Ted," Finn shall have escaped the overturning of their boat, as is still the reasonable hope of those of their friends who are best acquainted with their prowess and family in these waters, the deaths of their friends while seeking to rescue them are of a peculiar, heart-burning quality. In a way, these laid down their lives for others, and the sympathies of the whole community invest the tragedy with the flavor of heroism and self-sacrifice.

Yet more, perhaps, does this whole episode invest our bay, which is the glory and delight of all our citizens, with a sort of terror. Like all the beneficent powers and elements of nature, it contains within itself the capacity for evil and catastrophe. The forces of nature, like the being who assumes to dominate them, with him perhaps dating from the same event and source, seem to have acquired at a dreadful cost the knowledge of good and evil. And so, it may be from this very kinship, we love all the more the bay which so inviolably bathes our shores, yet which is at times so dreadful.

**BAD BOY WILLIAM.**

Emperor William of Germany is the bad boy of European and Asiatic diplomacy. He is all the while getting in the way of his betters, putting his fingers in the jam, and being caught red-handed in some act of wanton mischief. He is constantly under the necessity of confessing, begging forgiveness and promising never to do so again.

This was the case in our own war, when the impertinence of his Admiral von Diederichs had to be, for a critical moment, patiently borne by our own Dewey, and then abjectly disowned by his royal master. The experience is being repeated now in Samoa. Germany is now charged with a violation of the tripartite treaty of Berlin, which requires any action relating to the Samoan Islands to take its initiative from an agreement by England, Germany and the United States. Germany's Consul there has taken advantage of a native disturbance which he promoted to proclaim himself dictator, so misbehaving himself that he had to be personally kicked downstairs and out of the Supreme Court building at Apia, by the American and British Consuls.

Of course, this will prove merely another instance where Emperor William will get out of his scrape by disavowing the crassness of his diplomatic representative. The Peck's Bad Boy of Europe will stoutly and lustily cry, "I didn't mean to," and "I won't do so any more."

# HOW TO CARE FOR CHILDREN.

**Themes for Discussion at the Coming Congress of Mothers to Be Held in Washington.**  
Education and Nature of the Little Ones in the Light of Modern Methods.

WASHINGTON, January 23, 1899.—The National Congress of Mothers will hold its third annual meeting in Washington in February, from the 14th to the 17th inclusive, and will include on its program speakers who are authorities of wide reputation on the subject which they will present.

The meetings of the Congress will be held in the First Baptist Church, Sixteenth and O streets, (where the first Congress was held) and the headquarters for delegates and visitors will be "The Calico," which is within two blocks of the church.

Reduced rates will be given on all railroads, and also at the hotel.

The Congress will open on Tuesday, February 14th, with an address of welcome from Mrs. Theodore W. Birney, president, and also from President Whitman of Columbian University.

The response will be made by Dr. Mary Green, president of the Household Economic Association.

There will be reports from delegates which will give an idea of the wide and extended scope of the organization, although so recently formed.

Mr. Lawrence Hunt, former president of the George Junior Republic, is expected to speak on "The Duty of the State in Training Children for Citizenship," and there will be a discussion of the subject, which will be open to all.

Tuesday evening the president and officers of the Congress will hold a reception in the spacious parlors of "The Calico."

Wednesday morning will be devoted to business, when officers and committees will report the work of the year. Wednesday, at 3:30 "Parental Duty in Education," will be the subject of an address by Mrs. Joseph H. Munford, honorary vice-president of the Congress, and a prominent member of the Philadelphia Board of Education.

An open discussion of the paper will follow, in which Prof. Wm. E. Powell, Superintendent of Schools in Washington, and Miss Edith Westcott, principal of the Western High School of Washington, will take part.

Dr. C. Stanley Hall of Worcester, Mass., will give an address Wednesday evening on Adolescence.

Thursday morning will be devoted to business and the election of officers.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mrs. Carrie Scott of San Jose is spending a few days in this city, the guest of her brother, E. M. Petry. She will sail in a few days for Honolulu, where she will visit for three months.

Phil Arnold of Colusa is in Berkeley.

Mrs. John Morris of Berkeley is visiting in Yuba City.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur French of Berkeley have gone to Sonoma county.

R. D. Dresser of Berkeley is now residing in San Francisco.

H. E. Dubrick of Berkeley is now residing in Los Angeles.

Thomas Riley of Alameda was recently in Stockton on business.

The Misses Violet and Rena Vogel-sanger of Alameda entertained a number of friends at their home on Railroad avenue Friday evening.

Moses Castro of San Luis Obispo has been visiting his brother, J. C. Castro of Alameda, for a few days.

Samuel Gray is registered at the Palace, Napa.

R. H. Davis is visiting in Santa Cruz.

Mrs. W. T. Vahlberg is the guest of Mrs. Wallace Morton of Santa Cruz.

Edward Lang and George Manley of Alameda are recovering from the grip. C. C. Bettemourt of Santa Cruz and Miss Christina L. Vierra of San Lorenzo were married in this city and have gone to Monterey on their wedding tour. They will reside in Santa Cruz.

Miss Lottie Inman of Vallejo is the guest of friends in this city.

Morris Larner of Berkeley was recently in Stockton on business.

A. R. Lord of Nevada City was recently in Berkeley.

H. L. Brantley has taken up his residence in Berkeley.

Mrs. W. F. Van Slocken of Alameda gave a social to the members of the Unity Circle Friday afternoon.

Leo and Arthur Hansen of Livermore have been spending a couple of weeks visiting their sister, Mrs. T. F. Brady, of Berkeley.

Harold French and Walter Starr

## ONE OF THE PAUL JONES' PARTY ALIVE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.  
NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 23.—The Rev. Edward H. Budd, who was thought to have been lost on the Paul Jones, is alive. The vessel was detained in Pass a Loutre, and after a long stay, the party, returning here, Dr. Budd had been a professor of Latin and Greek at the St. Mary Seminary at Knoxville, Ill., where the three women were his pupils. Mr. Jones, the owner of the yacht, has carefully examined all the wreckage found, and has come to the conclusion that the explosion theory is correct.

## CUBAN TROOPS WILL BE PAID.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Press from Washington says: "The Cuban commissioners have been paid the amount which the United States has agreed to pay for the Cuban troops who have been in the United States for the purpose of fighting the war against Spain. The amount will be paid to the Cuban commissioners, who will then distribute it to the troops. The Cuban commissioners have been paid the amount which the United States has agreed to pay for the Cuban troops who have been in the United States for the purpose of fighting the war against Spain. The amount will be paid to the Cuban commissioners, who will then distribute it to the troops. The Cuban commissioners have been paid the amount which the United States has agreed to pay for the Cuban troops who have been in the United States for the purpose of fighting the war against Spain. The amount will be paid to the Cuban commissioners, who will then distribute it to the troops. 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# WHAT HAS BEEN INTERESTING OUR COUNTRY NEIGHBORS.

## Preparing for Work on Incendiaries Attempt Livermore's Coal Fields.

Below will be found interesting items from the country towns:

### LIVERMORE'S BUDGET.

About the first of next month work will be commenced at the coal mines that were recently so disastrously prospected by John Richards. Timbering will be commenced right away and the tunnels that will pierce the mountain will not only be of a prospective nature, but will permit of all necessary tunneling work. This is a certain indication that the promoters of the new mine are satisfied that an abundance of coal exists there.

Lumber hauling from Livermore to the mines will give employment to many men and the force will be steadily increased. The railroad surveyors were busy this week laying off the company's land.

Chris. A. Buckley, the Livermore vineyardist, has sold his entire crop of 1896 dry wines. He received 15¢ per gallon for the red and 14¢ for the white wines, the best prices that have yet been paid for this year's production. The buyers were F. Chevalier & Co., and the good figures mean about \$15 to \$16 per ton to the grape growers who had their grapes made up at the "Ravenswood" place.

Mossie Lodge, No. 218, E. and A. M., gave a public installation and banquet last evening in Masonic hall. Members of the Eastern Star and the families of members of the lodge were present. Master, J. W. Morgan, Jr., presided. The following officers: J. C. Hayes, W. M.; J. C. McKinnon, S. W.; W. Jordan, J. W.; H. H. Fisher, treasurer; R. E. Fassel, secretary; Dr. J. C. Hayes, D. M.; D. M. Fisher, J. W.; G. Wells, marshal; R. Hanley and G. E. Kennedy, stewards; George L. Barnes, Tyler.

The friends of Mr. Morris Hupers, and they are legion, will be pained to learn of the serious affliction to his eyes and the possibility of the sight becoming entirely destroyed. His eyes have been failing for some time past and it was nearly two years ago that he suffered the loss of the sight of the left eye. Through the misfortune of his eyes, he did not attend to his usual avocations, but he was the first time that he realized that he was becoming blind. At that time he was standing in the doorway of his hotel, and through only a short distance from the depot, he could not distinguish an approaching train. Mr. Hupers is now at the German Hospital in San Francisco under the care of an oculist who gives him little encouragement of improvement. Mr. Hupers is in his seventeenth year, and notwithstanding his most sad affliction, bears with him uncomplainingly, and is patiently accepting the most comforting treatment.—Livermore Herald.

### NEWSY NOTES FROM NILES.

For the second time the basement at the home of A. O. Niles has been entered by thieves. This time a suit of clothes, shoes and a fine coat of best were among the missing articles.

Dr. I. R. Aiken of Oakland has been appointed superintendent and resident physician of the Niles Hospital and the Niles Home. Dr. Aiken, the matron. They will arrive during February and reside here permanently.

A large black eagle was shot at Newark Monday. The bird was flying about when a well-directed shot from the gun of one of the boys brought the smaller one down. Its talons had a spread of 34 inches, its wings, under 24 inches, and the spread from tip to tip of wings 6 feet 4 inches. It is being mounted to be kept for exhibition. These birds are quite plentiful about Newark, and it is not uncommon to see them down so far in the valleys.

A bundle of kindling and matches were found under one corner of the Niles Home. The matches were lighted and the kindling was kindled and destroyed the building. The perpetrator of the act was caught by the Niles Home and is now in the Niles Home, which should have sufficient police in it to protect it.

Surveyors have been running preliminary lines through town for the S. P. V. W. Co.'s new mainline.

Last term the officers of the Niles Literary Society were mostly girls. This time the boys did not like, so just before election this week they held a secret caucus and decided to unite their forces and elect a man to the presidency. When it came time to vote they saw that two girls were nominated for every office, and only one boy. They then voted straight for the boys. Thus it was an easy matter to elect every one of their candidates, much to the girls' surprise, who saw the trick after it had been completed. The result was as follows:

President: Morris Secord; vice president, Pierce Mayhew; Secretary, Ed. Johnson; assistant secretary, Peter Nunes; treasurer, Fred Dassel.—Niles Herald.

### THE HOMLIEST MAN IN OAKLAND

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any drugist and get free a

# DONS TAUGHT A GOOD LESSON.

## A Spanish Flag Comes Down Quicker Than It Went Up.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: Captain Bator of the auxiliary cruiser Resolute captured a twenty-foot Spanish flag in the harbor and incidentally taught the city Spaniards a lesson in manners. A Spanish schooner of about seventy tons sailed alongside the Resolute, where it went to and with a cheer of defiance from the men aboard, an immense Spanish flag was run up to the masthead, with the Cuban flag beneath it.

Captain Bator was forced to recognize the insult and ordered Naval Cadet Narrant and Marine Officer Thorpe, with a file of marines, into a stern launch, which speedily overtook the Spaniard. The captain refused to obey the order to lower the flag, whereupon the marines went aboard and took forcible possession of the Spanish flag, which they then hoisted to the masthead. The occupants of the schooner were then compelled to give three cheers for the Cuban and American flags, after which the vessel was allowed to proceed. The captured flag will be held as a prize.

# HAVANA WHARVES HAVE BEEN SOLD.

## Boston Syndicate the Purchaser of Vast Warehouses.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Havana says: Boston capitalists are said to have made an offer of \$5,000,000 Spanish gold for the San Jose warehouses and wharves. The offer is in writing, and Gelats & Co., the agents of the property, are reported as satisfied with the financial responsibility of the parties making it. They are expected in Havana on Wednesday.

The original offer was for a long time held, but this was refused. Some existing leases have to be arranged in making the sale. Plans which had been formed for renting the warehouses separately have been abandoned because of the probable sale of the entire property. The docks have nearly half a mile of water front. The warehouses are of structural steel.

The other water frontage and docks are the property of the Havana municipality. There are large cigar warehouses across the bay at Regia, but they have not the same value as the property on the city side of the harbor. Most of the importing houses have direct access to the San Jose warehouses. The parties making the offer are credited with various plans, but until the transfer is actually carried out these will not be disclosed. General Ludlow and Colonel Black, who supervising the engineering work here have under consideration a proposition submitted by the syndicate which controls the street railways. The company wants to begin the work of changing to electricity without delay. The military authorities at first favored the underground system, similar to that which is operated in Washington, but this proved to be impracticable, owing to conditions which obtain in Havana during tropical rains. The authorities are now willing to permit trolleys, but want the double overhead system. The company's representatives say this is also impracticable, and want permission for a single overhead trolley. The matter will be decided soon.

A case of yellow fever has developed in camp. It is that of Private Henry Smith of Company B, Second volunteer engineers, whose home is in Cincinnati. He has been transferred from the battalion to the yellow fever hospital.

Von Der Ahe Loses His Suit.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 23.—Judge Spencer, in the Circuit Court today rendered his decision in the case of the Mississippi Valley Trust Company vs. Sportsman's Park and Club, in favor of the plaintiff. This decision is against Von Der Ahe's interests, as Judge Spencer declares the National League baseball franchise part of the sportsman's park and club, and the mortgage which the Trust Company seeks to foreclose.

Some people got cross. Merchants said it was a nuisance to continually explain.

"We can only get a small portion of our orders for GRAPE-NUTS filled."

The factory has been doing all that could be done, running night and day for six months and adding new machinery as fast as it could be made.

But the demand grew faster than the increased facilities would care for.

Never in the history of trade has there been such a demand for a new food as for GRAPE-NUTS.

Three new buildings have finally been added to the factory plant, and from now on all orders will be filled without delay.

Up to this time there has been a reason for the grocer urging the purchase of some other breakfast food when Grape-Nuts were called for; but that time has passed. The grocer now has Grape-Nuts in stock as do all principal grocers. Therefore, if your grocer urges an excuse for his lack, that the food is difficult to obtain, correct him. The reasons for the popularity of the new food are:

1st. It has a new flavor, that of grape sugar, a delicate crisp, half sweet that fascinates the user.

2nd. It is ready to serve on the instant. It has been entirely and perfectly cooked at the factory, and is not subject to whether your own cook can or cannot cook well; does not enter in

# OUR DEAD TO BE BROUGHT HOME.

## Transport Sent to Cuba to Convey the Remains.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 23.—Lieutenant Colonel J. B. Bellinger, Depot Quartermaster, says: He knows nothing of the rapid decomposition of bodies buried in Cuba, but presumes from the instructions he received with reference to the transport of Rumanian, that it is the intention of the Quartermaster's department to remove the bodies before they are so destroyed.

He understands that the Rumanian will go to New York from Matanzas at once, and on arrival there will be taken out as an undertaker's ship. A supply of coffin chemicals and a number of undertakers will be taken, and the transport will be at Santiago about a month, during which time the bodies of all the American soldiers who were killed in battle or who died in the hospital, which speedily overtook the Spaniard. The captain refused to obey the order to lower the flag, whereupon the marines went aboard and took forcible possession of the Spanish flag, which they then hoisted to the masthead. The occupants of the schooner were then compelled to give three cheers for the Cuban and American flags, after which the vessel was allowed to proceed. The captured flag will be held as a prize.

They will then be brought to New York, and relatives or any one interested may have the bodies shipped to them at Government expense for burial, or, in case the bodies are not claimed, they will be properly buried in one of the cemeteries.

The Government has been most liberal in this matter, he states, and in every case in this country has allowed \$35 for preparation of bodies and also transport to the place of burial.

Further than this Colonel Bellinger knows nothing of the plans of the Government.

# DEMOCRATS MAY NAME DELEGATES.

## Davies' Friends Would Like to See Him Get Nomination.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Tribune from New York says: The Democratic City Central Committee will meet this evening to decide upon a date for the Democratic Convention and the manner of choosing delegates.

Although there has been considerable talk about holding primaries it is probable that the City Committee will follow in the footsteps of the municipal League and Republican committee, and appoint delegates, thereby leaving the affairs of the party in the hands of the most representative men of the local organization. A. M. Davies is chairman of the City Central Committee.

The friends of John L. Davies would like to see that gentleman secure the Democratic nomination. They claim that if he should direct the campaign and then be endorsed by the Independent he might stand a good chance of election. It has developed, however, that a number of the leading democrats are opposed to Davies and will endeavor to prevent his nomination by the party.

The Democrats do not appear to have many candidates for city offices. In fact no one seems to be seeking the nomination for Mayor. Several names have been suggested for the nomination but it is doubtful if any of the gentlemen suggested would run against R. W. Snow. The Democrats, however, will make a play at keeping their organization together.

Appraisers Dismissed.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—It is understood that the President has requested the resignation of Mr. Shurtliff, Mr. Wilkinson and Mr. Sharp, three of the nine members of the Board of General Appraisers of New York. The officials here decline to make any statement in regard to the matter, but there is reason to believe that lack of harmony in the board is one of the causes of the President's action.

Named by McKinley.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The President today nominated Colonel Eugene Griffin of the United States volunteer engineers to be a Brigadier-General and Frederick C. Perkins to be Registrar of the Land Office at Durango, Colorado.

# CRUISERS COMING TO THE PACIFIC.

## Newark and Badger to Be Dispatched at Once.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, January 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: As a result of the assignment of the battleships Iowa and Oregon to the Pacific and Asiatic stations respectively, and the decision to dispatch the cruiser Newark to the Pacific coast, the commissioned naval force of the United States is about equally divided between the two oceans.

At the present time there are stationed in Atlantic waters two battleships, two armored cruisers, one second-class battleship, six protected and unprotected cruisers and twelve gunboats. The combined commands of Rear Admiral Dewey and Commodore Kautz include two battleships, two coast defense monitors, six cruisers, including the Newark, and sixteen gunboats. There are also several auxiliary cruisers, colliers and supply ships. The assignment of the Newark to the Pacific coast is due to the necessity of having a cruiser on the Pacific coast to replace the Philadelphia, which will leave by Wednesday next for Samoa. Orders have been given to push the work on the Newark, so that she may be ready to sail early in February. The auxiliary cruiser Badger, which has been assigned to the Pacific station, will leave Norfolk for Manila during the present week. The division of the force is due to the desire of the administration to protect its interests in both oceans, though there is no reason to believe that any further trouble will occur.

Orders have been given under which the Nashville is being pushed for completion. It is stated that this department is anxious to have the ship to maintain a strong force in Cuban waters as well as to have the ship at a point where they can stand without delay for the war.

Anything to  
DEFEAT JUSTICE,  
The Enemies of Dreyfus  
More Malignant  
Than Ever.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the World from Paris says: Discussing the Dreyfus case, Francis de Pressense, editor of the Temps and a zealous Dreyfusite, writes: "The true reason for Beaupre's conduct is the most scandalous feature of the present deplorable crisis in his irritation against the government on account of the humiliation it subjected him to ten months ago, when, at its instance during the Panama business, he was brought before a meeting of the Court of Cassation."

"Probably, also, Beaupre will derive from the Echo de Paris better pay than he received from the Court of Cassation."

"Another reason given by friends anxious to excuse him is that he is suffering from incipient intellectual derangement."

"There is a plot afoot—not a military plot, but simply to discredit the Court of Cassation. They wish to prevent a judgment of acquittal, which would be a condemnation of the War Office. Judgment decreeing Dreyfus' innocence will be accepted by public opinion when that opinion is informed of all the reasons on which it is based. I do not know what will be the judgment of the Court of Cassation, but from documents I and my friends have seen, I believe it will be acquittal. If the Court gives reasons for the decision France will accept them. It is impossible to believe otherwise."

"If Dreyfus returns to Paris I don't believe there will be a serious disturbance. There may be some slight demonstrations in the streets, nothing more."

Lucien Millevoye, the anti-Dreyfus agitator, resigned because he was indignant at seeing certain magistrates of the Court of Cassation making themselves instruments of an international and anti-national campaign. His resignation has already produced a result by holding in suspense the decision of the criminal chamber.

"The resignation has profoundly moved opinion. The partiality of the court is evident, and a judgment rendered under such conditions will not be ratified by public conscience."

If the criminal chamber remits the case to a new court-martial France will wait the solution, but if it should dare to annul without remitting, the agitation will assume grave proportions among the people and in the army. "Every citizen is today a soldier, and the immense majority of them preserve a respect for the flag."

"If a foreigner imagines he will be able to make profit out of this agitation he is deceiving himself. The French soul is awake."

Cotton Bales Burned.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—A fire broke out last evening in 5,000 bales of cotton lying in the wharf at Graves, which had been transformed into the British

# NIAGARA ICE BRIDGE BREAKS.

## Hair-Breadth Escapes of Venturesome Spectators.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Jan. 23.—While nearly one hundred persons were on the great ice bridge in the gorge of the Niagara river the icy mass was broken loose from the banks at either end. There were thousands of Sunday sight-seers in the parks and upon the upper steel arch enjoying the beauty of the crystal-like structure. They heard the cracking of the ice and saw the great mass as it was moving by the swift current of the river, and hundreds shouted warning to those on the bridge.

Some of these venturesome persons had only gone a short distance from the river bank while others were out in the center of the bridge and were crossing the river. Those near the end soon found safety, but further out toward the center were a number of small boys. Before they were fairly started for the shore the great bridge was loosened from its fastenings. Then it became a race for life, but the youngsters, amid wild shouts, finally reached the shore.

It was seen then that all except three persons had reached places of safety. One was a man not far out from the New York side. The others were a man and a woman who were fleeing across the ice toward the Canadian side. The man near the New York shore kept his courage well. His eyes were directed toward the steel arch under which he would pass if the ice continued to move down the river. Onward it went, and just as he reached the bridge he leaped from the ice and caught the arch as it rises not far from the abutment. The man and woman made record time meanwhile, and safely reached the Canadian shore.

The ice is piled in a great mass about the abutments of the upper steel arch, and it is rumored that the structure has been injured, but this cannot be verified. The steamer docks on each side of the river have been wrecked, and the ice has piled up close to the railroad building and in the gorge so that it is in danger.

ERICKSON HAD  
A CLOSE CALL.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the World from Paris says: August Erickson of this city was working with a gang of workmen putting up a telephone trunk line between Oakland and Alameda yesterday when he met with an accident which nearly ended his career. On Park street, near Grand avenue, Erickson started to climb a pole, carrying a wire with him. When about twenty feet from the ground (his fellow-workmen heard a shriek and saw him shudder as a thin wreath of smoke curled upward from the hand in which he held the wire. For a moment they stood horror-stricken, expecting to see him fall lifeless to the sidewalk.

The shock had been severe but not fatal, and when his companions rushed to his rescue Erickson was lying on the ground in a heap, unconscious.

He was carried into the nearest house and Dr. B. M. Keys was summoned. When the physician arrived Erickson was having convulsions. For two hours Dr. Keys was unable to check them. Finally he became easier and was removed to the Receiving Hospital in this city.

The accident was caused by Erickson's coming in contact with the wire swinging against a feeder for the trolley wire of the electric street railway. The telephone pole which Erickson was climbing was set from the railroad and was acted as a conductor, the current passing through the body of the workman. Had the pole been a little more moist the lineman would undoubtedly have been killed. The wires in the inside of the right hand was cooked by the current.

Erickson is a married man and resides at the Bureka Hotel on Seventh and Washington streets.

Pittsburg Bank Reopens.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 23.—The German National Bank, which closed its doors October 18, 1896, resumed business today with enough money to pay every depositor in full with interest. There was no excitement, and the deposits exceeded the withdrawals three to one.

Kipling Coming to America.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 23.—Among the passengers who will sail for New York Wednesday next on board the White Star liner Majestic are Mr. and Mrs. Rudyard Kipling.

CASTORIA  
For Infants and Children.

Evarts Block

# NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

## To Gain Flesh, to Sleep Well, to Know What Appetite and Good Digestion Mean.

Take a Test of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

No trouble is more common or more misunderstood than nervous dyspepsia. People having it think their nerves are to blame and are surprised that they are not cured by nerve medicines. The real seat of the mischief is lost sight of. The stomach is the organ to be looked after.

Nervous dyspepsia often do not have any pain whatever in the stomach, not perhaps any of the usual symptoms of stomach weakness. Nervous dyspepsia shows itself not in the stomach so much as in nearly every organ. In some cases the heart palpitates and is irregular; in others the kidneys are affected; others the bowels are constipated, with headaches; still others are troubled with

Prof. Henry W. Becker, A. M., loss of flesh and appetite with accumulations of gas, sour risings and heartburn.

It is safe to say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any stomach weakness or disease except cancer of the stomach. They cure sour stomach, gas, loss of flesh and appetite, sleeplessness, palpitation, heartburn, constipation and headache.

Send for valuable little book on stomach diseases by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. All druggists sell full sized packages at 50 cents. Prof. Henry W. Becker, A. M., the well known religious worker and writer of St. Louis, Mo., Secretary of the Mission Board of the German Methodist Church, Chief Clerk and Expert Accountant for the Harbor and Wharf Commission, Public Secretary for the St. Louis School Board, Association and the District Conference of Stewards of the M. E. Church; also takes an active part in the work of the Upworth League, and to write on religious and educational topics for several magazines. He found relief in best told in his own words:

"Some weeks ago my brother heard me say something about indigestion, and taking a box from his pocket said 'Stuart's Tablets.' I did not say promptly relieved. Then I investigated the nature of the tablets and became satisfied that they were made of just the right things and in just the right proportions to aid in the assimilation of food. I heartily endorse them in all respects, and I keep them constantly on hand."

NEW LOUVRE

BOUFE

14th and Broadway - Oakland

J. J. CARROLL, Prop.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1857

952 BROADWAY

East Side - Bet. 9th and 10th Sts.

WM. WILSON

Jeweler . . . 30 YEARS S.

Watchmaker . . . IN OAKLAND

Optician . . . HERE YET

The Oakland

Mattress

Factory

makes, repairs, designs, calls for and delivers.

Fourth, bet. Washington & Edwy

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the District Court of the United States and for the Northern District of California.

In the matter of F. Bakar, bankrupt. Take notice that F. Bakar above named has been duly adjudicated a bankrupt under the act of Congress of July 1st, 1896, and that the first meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt has been called to meet at the office of the undersigned on Monday, February 6th, 1897, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of proving their claims against the estate of said bankrupt, and that at the same time and place, all creditors whose claims have been duly proven and allowed shall appoint one or three trustees of said estate.

Dated, Oakland, California, January 21st, 1897.

ARTHUR P. HOLLAND,

905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

Referee in Bankruptcy and of the County of Alameda, State of California.

COAL!

For Honest Dealings in Wood and Coal go to

J. ROHAN,

N. E. Cor. 5th & Washington Sts.







**NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE.**

\_\_\_\_\_  
In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.  
In the matter of the estate of Mary Jane Ewy, deceased.

Notice of sale of real estate.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the order of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, duly given and made on the 23d day of May, 1898, in the matter of the estate of Mary Jane Ewy, deceased, authorizing a sale of certain real estate belonging to said estate, the undersigned, Frederick Henshaw, the executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, will

First. Beginning at a point on the west-  
ern line of Telegraph avenue, distant  
thirteen (13) feet southerly from the  
southern line of the roof with the  
southern line of Fortieth street and run-  
ning thence southerly along said line of  
Telegraph avenue to the line of the roof  
at right angles, easterly one hundred (100)  
feet; thence at a right angle northerly  
thirteen (13) feet and thence at a right  
angle easterly one hundred (100) feet to the  
line of beginning. Being lot 2 in block  
360 as the same are defined and  
described in a certain map and map  
of the State of John Evox in Plot 39,  
dated August 12, 1880, in the office of the

Second. Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the western line of Market street with the southern line of Fortieth street and running thence westerly along said line of Fortieth street one hundred and thirty and three fourths feet to the intersection of a line southerly one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence at a right angle easterly one hundred and three fourths (103.75) feet to the western line of Market street and thence northerly along said line named line one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the point of beginning. The above described line is delineated as designated upon a certain map entitled "Map of the Estate of John Evoy in Block 26, Filed August 15, 1914," in the office of the County Recorder of said Alameda County.

Third. Beginning at a point on the northern line of Market street distant therefrom three hundred and twenty-five and 2-100ths (225.02) feet easterly from the point of intersection of said line of Market street with the line of

point being the southwestern corner of  
the lot of land heretofore, of record in  
Deed 361 of Deeds, page 438, conveyed by

Mary Jane Brown to John B. Gilmore, the parallel line with Market street ninety-seven and 32-1/2 feet (129 1/2) feet; thence at a right angle to the north line of the thirty-seventh street with Thirty-seventh street and distant ninety-two (92) feet southerly therefrom sixty feet to the north line of the thirty-seventh street; thence along the north line of the thirty-seventh street southerly ninety-two (92) feet to the north line of the thirty-sixth street; thence along the south line of the thirty-sixth street southerly along said line of Thirty-seventh street sixty and 30-1/2 feet; thence at a right angle to the north line of the thirty-sixth street to the north line of the thirty-sixth street and distant one hundred and 10-1/2 feet (110 1/2) feet to the north line of the thirty-sixth street; thence along the north line of the thirty-sixth street southerly along said line one hundred and seventeen (117) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning of the lot of one of the lots of the block "B" and an unnumbered parcel of land adjoining said

delimited and so designated upon a certain map entitled "Map of a Portion of Mrs. M. I. Kuo's Property, Subdivided

"Fourth. Commencing at the point of intersection of the eastern line of Market street and the eastern line of 35th street, running thence easterly along said line of 35th street five hundred and ninety-three and seventy-nine hundredths feet to the point of intersection of the boundary line of the Major Given tract; thence southerly along said boundary line one hundred and forty-eight and one hundredths feet to the point of intersection with said 35th street four hundred and ninety-two and thirty-two hundredths feet; thence at right angles to the boundary line of the Major Given tract southerly and westerly one hundred (100) feet to the said easterly line of Market street; thence at right angles to the boundary line of the Major Given tract southerly and westerly (181) feet to the point of beginning. Being a portion of the plat as per Kellersberger's Map of the Ran-

Fifth. Beginning at a point on the northern line of Thirty-eighth street, distant thereon two hundred and fifty-six

the north line of said line of Market street, and running thence easterly along said line of Thirty-eight (38) feet; thence easterly and southerly along said line of Twenty-three (23) foot (407.23) feet to the western boundary line of the Major Given tract; thence along line five hundred and eighty-eight (588) feet and easterly along said line of northern boundary line of said plot of three hundred and twenty-eight (328) feet to the line five hundred and thirty-eight (538) feet to said line of Market street; thence easterly along said boundary line of said plot of 834' west continuing along said boundary line of said plot of 834' one hundred and thirty (130) feet to the northern line of Market street; thence southerly along said line of Market street five hundred and eighty-eight (588) feet to the point of intersection thereof with the northern line of Thirty-eight (38) feet; thence easterly and southerly along said line of Thirty-eight (38) feet to the point of intersection thereof with the northern line of one hundred (100) feet; thence at a right angle northerly and parallel with Market street one hundred (100) feet to the northern corner of the lot of land heretofore, by deed of record in the County of St. Louis, Missouri, of Mary J. Poyce to Leander O. Snow, thence at a right angle easterly one hundred and thirty (130) feet to the northern corner of the lot of land so conveyed, and thence at a right angle southerly one hundred and seventy-nine (179) feet to the point of beginning.

berger's Map of the Ranchos of Vicente and Domingo Peralta.

of land situate in the township of Eden, county of Alameda, State of California, described as follows:

Beginning at the point formed by the intersection of the northern line of "B" street with the eastern line of Grand street and running thence northerly along said line of Grand street one hundred and fifty feet; thence at a right angle westerly fifty (50) feet; thence at a right angle southerly one hundred and fifty (50) feet to the northern line of "C" street, and thence easterly along said running line fifty (50) feet to the point of beginning. Being lot 12 in block 102 as

upon a certain map entitled "Map No. 1 of a Portion of the Meek Tract, Hayward, Alameda County, Cal.," filed April 12, 1902, in the office of the County Recorder of said Alameda county.

Said real property will be sold either as a whole or in subdivisions.

Bids or offers for said property, or any portion thereof, must be in writing, and the same must be deposited with the County

law office of Messrs. Reed & Nussbaumer, at the southeast corner of Ninth and Broadway streets (Union Savings Bank building), in the city of Oakland, or delivered to said executor personally, or may be filed in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court at any time after the first publication of this notice, and before the making of any sale.

Dated January 7th, 1899.

FREDERICK W. HENSHAW,  
Executor of the last will and testament of

RED & NUSBAUMER, Attorneys for  
Executor.

**NOTICE.**

NOTICE - All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account

of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.

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Old Crow bourbon 1880 bot \$1 25

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Anything the matter with your liver

—try Sierra Madre—pleasant way to

take it is on salad

Royal sardines—reg'ly 20c 15c

Vatel—w th tuffles and peppers

Bordelaise—with garlic and oil

Tooth powder—listered 20c

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Contains "Listerine" the best tooth

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Prunes—Oregon Italian

Tart—reg'ly 10c lb 3 1/2 lbs 25c

Chocolate—Denver reg'ly special

Yellow label 45c 40c

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Sold all over the world

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Natural—red label—reg'ly 20c bot 15c

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Toilet paper—reg'ly \$1 50 doz \$1 10

12000 sheets of properly prepared toilet

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porcelain—decorated—ought to last

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## SUNDAY TRAGEDY ON THE BAY, CANAL PROJECT SUITS ENGLAND.

Launch Run Down by Two Young Lives Were  
the Ferryboat Lost in the Bay  
Collision. Oakland.

Yesterday brought sorrow to a number of homes in Berkeley through the death of at least two and all probability four young people whose homes were located in that suburb. Two of the victims of mercy by being run down on the bay by the big ferry Oakland. They were J. Otis Wattles and Frank E. Orr. Wattles was drowned in the collision and Orr received injuries from which he died soon after at the Harbor Receiving Hospital in San Francisco.

The other victims are William Seabury and E. J. Finn, two lads who, on Friday morning last, went out on the bay hunting. They had not returned up to yesterday morning and a searching party comprising Captain Joseph H. Matthews, an old sailor, and an uncle of Wm. Seabury, one of the missing boys, Charles C. Finn, a brother of one of the missing ones, James Otis Wattles and Frank E. Orr, the champion wing shot of the Pacific Coast, was formed to locate the missing boys, dead or alive.

Yesterday morning the party boarded the launch William D., at Folsom street wharf, San Francisco, about 8 o'clock and pulled out, heading for Red Rock, where it was supposed the boys had been hunting.

About the time the launch left the wharf relatives of the missing boys in Berkeley received information that the boat in which the boys had been found out on the bay had been found in the water about 100 yards from the wharf. The launch was then headed back to Red Rock, where it was supposed the boys had been hunting.

The searching launch was under the command of Captain Christofferson. It left the wharf about 8 o'clock and the launch was then headed back to Red Rock, where it was supposed the boys had been hunting. The launch was then headed back to Red Rock, where it was supposed the boys had been hunting.

Wattles scrambled out of a cabin window, floundered for a time in the water and then sank. Frank E. Orr was picked up by a boat from the Oakland. He was in an unconscious condition. It is believed that he was injured in the collision. He was taken to the Harbor Receiving Hospital, where he died a few hours after his arrival.

Joseph Matthews clung to the wreck of the launch and was picked up uninjured. Captain Christofferson scrambled through a window of the cabin and was picked up by the boat from the Oakland. About this time, a launch from the survey steamer McArthur arrived on the scene and the launch was then headed back to Red Rock, where it was supposed the boys had been hunting.

The young hunters for whom the searching party was organized and whom are presumably drowned, were William Seabury, son of Captain Seabury of the Steamer China, the flagship of the Pacific Mail fleet, living at 2101 Channing Way, Berkeley, and Edward J. Finn who resides with his parents at 1301 Shattuck avenue, Berkeley. Both of these were sixteen years of age.

Captain Christofferson of the launch William D. in speaking of the accident said: "I was at the wheel of the ferry-boat on the trip across the bay. As she went out of the slip I noticed the launch just off Folsom-street wharf

and steering in about the same direction the Oakland was going. I did not see the launch again until I happened to glance out of the window of the pilot-house on the starboard side, and then the launch was almost under the Oakland's guard and just forward of the paddle-wheel. I promptly gave the danger signal of four blasts on the whistle to draw the attention of the master of the launch to the position of his boat, and at the same time I signaled to the engineer to back the engines. The next moment the launch was bumping against the side of the ferry boat. The launch was thrown to the men struggling in the water, a boat was lowered, and all but one of those in the launch were taken from the water."

## GENERAL OTIS FILES OBJECTION.

Proposed Secretary for the Philippines Commission Rejected.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, January 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says:

Upon the arrival in Manila of the civilian members of the Philippines commission, the first action which they will be required to make will be to elect a secretary.

Edward W. Harden of Chicago, selected a few days ago, will not fill the position. During this conference with the civilian members, the President suggested that Rear Admiral Dewey and Major-General Otis should be consulted about such appointments, and agreed they be asked for their opinion concerning Mr. Harden. During the war Mr. Harden had been employed as a newspaper correspondent at Manila, and had made his headquarters on board the revenue cutter McCulloch, which participated in the battle of Manila Bay and subsequent operations.

In reply to the President's inquiry, Admiral Dewey cabled that he had no objection to Mr. Harden's appointment. General Otis, however, who is in command of the Philippine army, has expressed his objection to the appointment of Mr. Harden as secretary of the commission was revoked, and a secretary will be selected by the commission when it holds its first session in Manila.

## FAMOUS RUSSIAN ENGINEER DEAD.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. ST. PETERSBURG, January 23.—General Mikhail Annenkov, distinguished Russian engineer, who constructed the Trans-Caspian Railway, is dead.

The late General Annenkov, who was born in St. Petersburg in 1835, was a son of the famous General Michael Annenkov, and was destined by his father for a military career. In return for his services during the Polish insurrection of 1863 he was promoted to the rank of 25 to the rank of Colonel, and he remained for four years in the immediate service of the Imperial administration.

During the Franco-Russian war he accompanied the German army as a Russian military attaché, after which he returned to Russia to take part, under the orders of General Sakhovskii, in the construction of the Trans-Caspian railway.

Especially assigned to the work of constructing strategic railways, he soon distinguished himself in this direction, and ultimately completed the Trans-Caspian line begun by Skobelev, personally superintending the construction of the division between Samarkand and Tashkent. This exploit was especially remarkable for the intensity of the corps of construction and the rapidity with which it was carried on.

Of late years General Annenkov had devoted himself to the Trans-Caspian railway, for which he was personally more largely responsible than any other Russian. It was his effective presentation of the plan of the railway at Paris in 1911 that secured the support of French financiers for the enterprise.

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## SUITS ENGLAND.

Will Place No Obstacle in the Way of Its Construction.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The Tribune's London correspondent writes: The Nicaragua canal question has been taken up by Secretary Hay and Lord Salisbury in a practical rather than a controversial spirit. It is not probable that either of these statesmen is anxious to attempt to unravel the tangled skein of diplomacy with which the Clayton-Bulwer treaty has been enmeshed in the course of fifty years. They will prefer to make a fresh start, in a spirit of mutual accommodation and good feeling. The practical business now in hand is that of adapting the Clayton-Bulwer treaty to new conditions affecting the interests of both countries.

The commercial interests of the world and the highest ends of civilization will be promoted by the construction of a waterway through Central America. One country may be more directly interested in the canal than the other, but both England and America will benefit commercially by the opening of the waterway, and neither can have any adequate motive for having or retaining a great work which will contribute to the progress and civilization of the world. On this high ground the two governments can meet and devise practical measures for facilitating the construction of the canal and for providing for its control and maintenance as a neutral waterway, open at all times to the shipping and navies of all nations. This is a policy which they are now endeavoring to carry out in an enlightened and progressive spirit worthy of the genius of the Anglo-Saxon race.

The relative interests of the two countries, both in the construction and in the control of the inter-oceanic waterway, have changed materially since the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was negotiated fifty years ago. This is a point which English statesmen of the highest rank frankly concede. Since 1850 the canal has been opened, and it is now practically under English control. It provides direct communication with India and Australia, and is a link in the chain of imperial possessions dependent upon sea power. Influential Englishmen do not hesitate to say that from a strictly British or imperial point of view the projected Nicaragua canal is of the greatest importance.

The report of the road foreman for Pleasanton road district was referred to Supervisor.

Requisitions were received and disposed of as follows: From County Clerk for 1939 directory, referred to Judiciary Committee; from J. E. Quinn, Justice of the Peace of Eden township, for a Justice's office, 500 envelopes and office fixtures. On motion of Church the application, as far as office supplies was concerned, was granted; the balance was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

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## BUSINESS OF THE COUNTY.

New Game Law Passed Many Applications for Aid Received and Acted Upon.

The Board of Supervisors held an adjourned meeting this morning, the following members being present: Supervisors Church, Mitchell, Roth, Wells and Chairman Talcott. After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting the following applications for relief were acted upon:

Mrs. Soula, a widow of 920 Third street and Mary Dimmell of 1163 Seventh street, a widow with one child, were referred to Supervisor Church; Samuel Bowers of Temescal, a widow with one child, was referred to Supervisor Mitchell; Mary Linn of 1772 Seventh street, a widow with one child, referred to Supervisor Mitchell.

Supervisor Wells asked that he be given power to act in the matter of the application of Elliot Aubrey of Livermore, whom he said had been in the county longer than he, Wells, had. The old man stood well in the community in which he lived, Mr. Wells stated that when told that he might have to go to the infirmary the old man replied that he would rather go to his grave than to the infirmary. He was given power to give the applicant such relief as he found to be necessary.

Supervisor Mitchell reported that he had called upon Mrs. Rich of Temescal yesterday and found her very sick and in destitute circumstances. The matter was referred to Mitchell.

Chairman Talcott called attention to the case of Mrs. Hughes in East Oakland. He stated that the lady was 80 years old and a cripple. She had a daughter whose husband had deserted her and left her in destitute circumstances. An arrangement had been made whereby the King's Daughters had agreed to take care of Mrs. Hughes provided the Board would contribute \$5 per month. The chairman was authorized to make such arrangements with the management of the King's Daughters Home.

Supervisor Roth read a letter from Rev. John Coy of Berkeley calling attention to the family of Mrs. Herndon of Berkeley. She was left alone with four children but had always refused to accept aid up to this time, but now that one of her children was sick and unable to work as she could not get out to work. The matter was referred to Supervisor Roth with power.

REPORTS.  
The report of the road foreman for Pleasanton road district was referred to Supervisor.

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